Jac Negley

The Pittsburgh Gazette

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

ol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1820. New Series, No 177

LISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY
JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE,
Fourth Street, between Market and Wood
Streets—at $4 per Annum.

For Sale at Auction,

TUESDAY the 25th inst. at the Auction room of D. S. SCULLY,

Commodious Two Story FRAME

Dwelling House,

th a good Kitchen, and LOT of ground situated between Sixth street and Strawberry alley, ining the property of John Scull and others. e lot contains 30 feet in front by 55 feet deep. bject to a ground rent of $45 per annum.

JAMES WALKER.

nuary 7.

Oysters.

ST RECEIVED by the subscriber in Market, between 2d & 3d streets,

A FEW KEGS

OYSTERS

GOOD ORDER, and of an excellent quality, will be sold low for cash.

NAT. HOLMES.

uary 7.

David Bell & Co.

orner of Market and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh

Will Receive

n payment for GOODS at a reasonable discount, the paper of the following Banks, viz.

Beaver,	Meadville,
Center,	Huntington,
Canton,	Cleaveland,
New-Lisbon,	Dayton,
Lebanon,	Urbana,
Cincinnati,	Zansville,
Madison,	Viucennes,
Tennesse,	

And most of the new Banks of Kentky.

Dec. 24.

To Rent,

d possession given the first of April next,

THE TAVERN STAND in East Liberty, sign of the Cross Keys, now in the occupancy of Samuel Young. The House is large and convenient with stabling and a good pump at the door. For ticulars apply to Jacob Negley, near the preses, or the subscriber in Plumb township.

EPHRAIM JORDAN.

December 31.

Edward J. Roberts & Jas. Hall,

ATTORNIES AT LAW,

AVE entered into partnership, and may be consulted at the office hitherto occupied James Hall.

January 7.

Important!

HE subscriber has been authorised by the owner to offer FOR SALE,

11 FARMS,

of which lie in Switzerland county, and six in Franklin county, Indiana—Also

Several Houses and Lots,

e towns of Vevay and Brookville, Indiana, which Castings, Bar Iron, Cut-Nails, Shovels des, Hardware, Cutlery, Dry Goods, Queensware, Groceries, Leather, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Corn and Irish Potatoes, will be received payment at cash prices. One third to be paid wn, and the other two thirds in one and two ars.

Good and sufficient titles can be made. Apply to the subscriber at Vevay, Indiana.

C. S. STEVENS.

November 4.——268w

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of nthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and joining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

hich will be received as soon as convenient r the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish make enquiry before delivery, will please to l with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market d Second streets, or with the subscribers on e premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

Aŭgust 17. tf

Dissolution of Partnership

THE subscribers, trading under the firm of Cromwell, Dobbin and Peebles, have this y dissolved their partnership by mutual cont—But inform their friends and creditors that eir time will be mutually and entirely devoted to the settlement of their business. All those indebted to them, are now for the last time, solicited to pay their accounts, in order to enable them pay the debts they owe.

THOMAS CROMWELL,
LEONARD DOBBIN,
ISAAC PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, November 30—1aw3m

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment o FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preerred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

To my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE that I have applied to the court of Common Pleas of Indiana and commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the act of insolvency of said commonwealth, and that the court have appointed the 9th day of February next, for hearing me and my creditors, at the court-house in the borough of Indiana, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOHN GIBSON.

Indiana Jail, December 20th, 1819.

A Gardener.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to engage with any gentleman, who wishes to employ a person of the above profession. Sufficient recommendation as to character and capability can be given. Apply at this office.

WM. ELLIS.

December 31.

John Carstairs'

Systematic Hand Writing,

TAUGHT in a few lessons of one hour each at the Pittsburgh Academy. Application to be made to the Rev. Mr. Stockton or Mr. Bruce.

December 21.

☞ Persons of good capacity may acquire the art by strict attenion in four ours.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
700 lbs *Saddler's Skirting Leather,*
1500 do. *Spanish Soal* ditto,

4 doz. prime Calf-skins,
4 ditto UPPER LEATHER.

—ALSO—

A general assortment of FALL & WINTER

GOODS,

And a complete assortment of New Printed

MUSIC,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

N. RICHARDSON,
Fourth street

Pittsburgh, October 5.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

UNIATA BAR IRON,	Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Rolled ditto,	Spanish and country Sugars,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rosin soap and candles,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Earthen & Queensware,
Trace and Log chains,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Patent beams and Steelyards,	Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Scythes and sickles,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.
Carpenter's adze',	
Plough Irons,	
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,	Window glass,
Curry combs,	Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

PATENT PLOUGHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

To Rent.

AND possession given the first of April next, a SAW-MILL & BOAT-YARD, with 75 acres of land, Two Dwelling Houses and a complete Harbour, on the Allegheny river, within 6 miles of Pittsburgh. For terms enquire of the subscriber near the premises.

JACOB NEGLEY.

anuary 7.

Wm. Hill & Brothers,

OFFER FOR SALE,

300 Barrels Lake Salt,

40 Barrels Peas,
3 casks Trace Chains,
2 do Log do
15 Kegs Butter,
15 boxes Claret,
100 do Rosin Soap,
10 dozen Wool Hats,
Reams Writing and Wrapping Paper.
Bright and Blacksmith Vises,
Kegs Rappee Snuff—

A fresh assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND HARDWARE, Wholesale and Retail.

Pittsburgh, December 10, 1819.——2awtf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James C. Johnston, late of this city, deceased, are requested to call on the subscribers, on or before the 1st day of February next, and settle their accounts. After that date every *unpaid* note and book account, shall be placed without exception, in the hands of an Alderman to be collected according to law.

Those having claims against the said estate, are requested to present them for settlement.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, } *Executors.*
NATH. HOLMES. }

Pittsburgh, Dec. 28th, 1819.

To Emigrants.

HAVING associated myself with a considerable company for the purpose of settling a new place in the state of Illinois, opposite the mouth of White river and Patoka, at the foot of the Grand Rapids of the Wabash, (MOUNT CARMEL) with an intention to remove to it, as soon as practicable, I have contracted for the making and burning of 150,000 brick, which I wish put up next season into buildings, and the Bricklayer's and carpenter's work undertaken conjointly, the plaistering and whitewashing included. Lands adjoining the Town, and town lots, at cash prices, and cash, a proportion of each will be given in payment when the work is completed.

Having entered lands for the accommodation of settlers favourable to the views of the settlement, a considerable body adjoining the settlement and town lands, divided into lots of from 10 to 100 and 160 acres each may be had at the Congress prices, with the exception of the interest on the money paid, and a small advance to defray expences, &c.

I wish to employ some persons to enclose or clear lands for me, for which I will pay in lands at cash prices. I have a body of open and timbered lands, that I would lease from 5 to 10 years on advantageous terms to emigrants unable to purchase. A convenient farm to let, by an early application to the Agent may be had.

A canal for boats and water works around the Grand Rapids of the Wabash, a company is forming to commence opening next season, that will afford employment for labourers, and no inconsiderable inducement to capatilist to invest their funds in the establishment. Considerable encouragement and aid have already been tendered for that purpose by emigrants from the Eastern States. The river is open for navigation from this place to New-Orleans all the year.

Application may be made to WM. BEAUCHAMP, the Agent for the establishment, residing in Mount Carmel, or to the subscriber, residing at present in New-port. None need apply but moral characters.

THOMAS S. HINDS.

Newport, Ken. Nov. 16 6

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

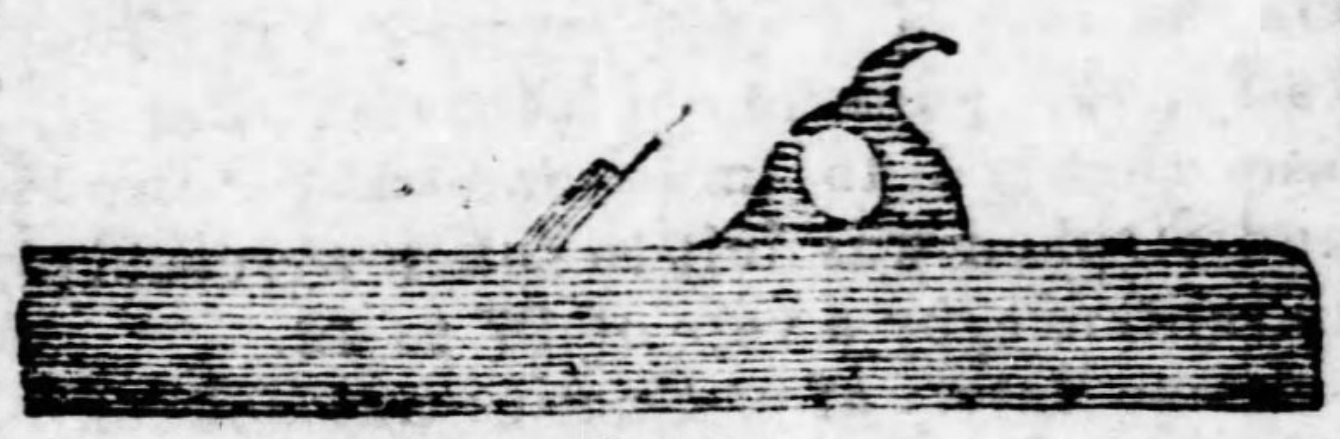
200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Baudny, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819.

Swetman & Hughes,



Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1819.

Spanish Soal Leather

AND

BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000

lbs best Span. Soal Leather

AND

20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW.

A Most Valuable Estate

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

To Rent or Sell,

A BREWERY, pleasantly situated on the bank of the Ohio river in the town of Gallipolis, county of Gallia and state of Ohio.

This Brewery is in complete operation, and has all the necessary buildings &c. adjoining the same, such as malt-house, kiln, pump &c. There is a piece of woodland attached to the property, where timber and firewood can be obtained in any quantity, for the use of the brewery. Barley can also be had on reasonable terms from the farmers in the neighbourhood, who now attend pretty largely to the cultivation thereof.

This brewery is in a fine situation for business 4 miles below the mouth of the Great Kenhawa, on which river any quantity of malt liquors can be sold for the consumption of the Salt works.

The buildings and pump are calculated for the establishment of a Distillery, which would be of great advantage in Gallipolis where there is none.

Terms will be made easy and accommodting. or further particulars, apply to

PETER MAGNIER.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 15

WESTERN HOTEL,

No. 228 MARKET STREET,

Sign of General Washington.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known establishment in Market street, next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Yohe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others we deem it necessary to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of back buildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit a free and uninterrupted circulation of air—and what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, is the attachment thereto of balconies, so constructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of any necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great Western Stages start every morning from the door, and on the premises is one of the best Livery Stables in the city, conducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where travellers' horses will be faithfully attended to. With these advantages, and some other improvements now making, added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the subscriber confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

R. Smith.

Philadelphia, August 11.—1aw3mcU'n

Allegheny

BRIDGE.

THE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE is now opened for the passage of travellers on foot or on horseback, and for light carriages.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE

RATES OF TOLL.

	Cents.
For every foot passenger	2
For every carriage of whatever description used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 6 horses.	75
For every such carriage drawn by 5 horses,	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 4 horses,	50
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	31
For every carriage of whatever description for the purpose of personal accommodation or pleasure, having 4 wheels, and drawn by 4 horses,	75
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses	62½
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	37
For every carriage of whatever description, used for the purpose of trade or agriculture, having two wheels and drawn by 4 horses,	44
For every such carriage drawn by 3 horses,	37½
For every such carriage drawn by 2 horses,	31
For every such carriage drawn by 1 horse,	13
For every chair or other 2 wheeled carriage of pleasure, for every horse therein,	18
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 4 horses,	37½
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 3 horses,	31
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 2 horses,	25
For every sleigh or sled drawn by 1 horse,	12½
For every horse, mare or gelding with a rider,	6
For every horse mare or gelding without a rider,	6
For every carriage drawn by oxen, or partly by oxen and partly by horses, to be rated in the proportion of 2 oxen for 1 horse, and in all cases a mule to be rated in the same proportion as a horse,	
For every head of horned or muley cattle,	4
For every head of sheep or swine,	2

Not more than TEN head of Cattle shall be permitted to cross at the same time.

Horses or Cattle are not permitted to be rode or driven at a faster gait than a walk.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jun. Treas'r.

Pittsburgh, November 2.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly received large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19.——

To Let,

That large and commodious Frame

Warehouse,

In Wood street, two doors from the corner of Water street, lately occupied by Foster & Doane —Immediate possession will be given. Apply to William Graham, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Pitt township.

WM. B. FOSTER.

December 31.

Washington Hall,

SIGN OF THE

GOLDEN LAMB.

STEUBENVILLE.

J. COLLIER, has established a House of Entertainment, in the new three story brick building, a few rods south-west of the court-house, and at the west end of the Market house, Steubenville, with the above named sign. He pledges himself to keep a quiet and orderly house, and to supply his guests with the best accommodations the country affords.

A Reading Room

is attached to the establishment, free of access to the traveller and stranger, which is regularly supplied with the best Newspapers from Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington city, Richmond, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, New-Orleans, Columbus, and many other places, and also with Magazines from London, Edinburgh, and Boston.

September 27, 1819. 12N4

Windy Works!!

Pittsburgh Factory,

CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREETS,

WHERE ARE MADE,

Forge & Tilt-hammer,

SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COPPER SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIERS

BELLOWS,

Of a quality equal to any in the United States.

Orders from any part of the Western Country filled with despatch, and shipped per order. Liberal discounts made to merchants and others who purchase to sell again.

J. W. TREMBLY.

April 25, 1819. 2aw1m1aw2m2amtf.

TWO Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will have the preference.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of S. & J. THOMPSON, Merchant Taylors, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and as it has now become absolutely necessary that the books of the concern should be settled up, they give this notice, that Samuel Thompson is authorised to attend to this business, and that they earnestly request all who know themselves indebted to said firm, to come forward as soon as may be, and settle their accounts, and all who have claims against them, to present them for payment. They further note that if this request is not complied with in a reasonable time, that all the accounts without distinction of persons, shall be put in the hands of a proper person for collection.

S. & J. Thompson, will in future carry on their former business under their separate names, and respectfully inform their friends and the public that any commands in their line of business will be promptly attended to.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, }
JOHN THOMPSON. }

January 7.

Pittsburgh Gazette
TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 14, 1820.

Petitions to Congress.

Persons holding petitions in favour of Manufactures, are requested to forward them to John Johnston, P. M. Pittsburgh, or to Henry Baldwin, Esq. member of Congress, Washington City.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

[BY REQUEST.]

Lines

Occasioned by viewing the funeral procession of Gen. James O'Hara.

Enthron'd in light, array'd in glory's beam,
Jehovah reigns eternal and supreme,
His providence each changing scene affects,
No power his hand controls, his will directs;
Both life and death wait on his sovereign nod,
And heav'n & earth proclaim th' Almighty God;
Infinite wisdom measures out the span,
And God's high council bounds the life of man.
The parent, husband kind, you deeply mourn,
He's gone! he's fled! and never will return;
Snatch'd from the earth, he seeks his final home,
The hearse his chariot and his house the tomb,
The shroud, the coffin and the mourning train,
With grief attend him to his dark domain;
Though high his glory rise, his wealth be great,
He ne'er forgets his own. his youthful state,
Himself a stranger in a foreign land,
The stranger helps with heart, and purse & hand,
A father to the poor, a constant friend,
To all his kind distressed assistance lends,
The hapless widow and the orphan's guide,
For many, great and small, his hands provide.—
Clos'd is the scene, and now his glass is run,
His labor's finish'd and his work is done;
He cries, my earthly hopes, my fondest wishes o'er,
And all my pleasing prospects now no more;
To me the joys of earth and sense are small,
These joys I've tasted, vanity they are all,
This truth I know, this all my comfort gives,
My saviour God, by blest Redeemer lives;
This precious hope, my darkest hours illume,
My faith soars high, and looks beyond the tomb,
Till that bright morn, that glorious hour arrive.
When God my glorious judge shall bid me live;
Then will I hear thy call from heav'n above,
Leap into life and sing redeeming love.

◆

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

Objections of the acting Governor, to the act suspending law process.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives.

I return to you a bill which originated in your house entitled 'an act to suspend sales under executions and decrees of courts for sixty days,' with my objections thereto.

I regret that I am constrained by my views of the import of that bill, to withhold from it my approbation and signature. My regret is increased by the conviction, that the best feelings of the human heart were concerned in its formation and employed in passing it through the two branches of the Legislature. In stating my objections to this bill, I wave the consideration that it designates no object of beneficial character in relation to either the debtor or creditor, which is to be promoted by its provisions, nor will I dwell or comment, upon the injurious tendencies which may, and probably will result to the community, from a measure affecting so suddenly essentially its important interest. No man can say what effect upon the moral sense of the community sudden diversions of the current of its sentiment, from the channel of its interest may have, or to what extent the degree of confidence necessary to the well being of society; may be impaired or diminished thereby. To intercept the relations which exist between creditors and debtors throughout a country, the commercial enterprise of which has given to those relations every conceivable diversity of aspect and interest cannot fail to produce sensations of a very impressive kind. What their complexion or immediate, or ultimate effect might be, need not, perhaps, cannot be conjectured. I am not however, influenced in withholding my signature from this bill, by anticipations predicated exclusively upon its possible or probable affections in society. I believe that the tenor, scope and import of the bill is uncomstitional.

By the 13th section of the 10th article of the constitution, it is provided that "right and justice shall be administered without sale, denial or delay." And it is believed this clause is contravened by the provisions of this bill. The Legislature may at its discretion modify the remedy which it affords to the creditor, so as to render his recovery more tardy or more dispatchful. It may lengthen or shorten, as its wisdom shall dictate. the process by which justice is attained But it cannot *deny justice*. It cannot refuse to administer justice, or what is the same thing, the means of obtaining justice It may be said that the refusal in this is but for sixty days. The principle I conceive is the same, although the consequence may be different, whether the denial be for sixty days or a longer time. The negative import of the clause of the constitution above cited, acts upon the *denial of justice*, and not upon the length of time of that denial. The bill does not, in my opinion, create barely a *delay* of justice which is alike forbidden by the constitution. but imports a denial of justice. It does not, as I am willing to concede it might do, provided that the remedial energies of government should move or act more *slowly*, that they might thereby attain justice more *surely*, but suspend them entirely. It denies any action of whatever description in furtherance of justice, and thereby, as I conceive denies justice, and is therein as I believe unconstitutional.

There is moreover, on my mind, another objection to this bill of a very serious sort, and that is, in its subjecting the securities in replevin bonds to a liability for at least sixty days longer than they contracted to be liable. If at this time the principal is able to pay the debt, but at the end of sixty days, he should be insolvent, the security must pay it. But if the creditor had not been restrained, the debt would have been made out of the effects of the original debtor, and the security, but for the provisions of this bill would have escaped (perhaps) ruin But suppose the security to apply to the creditor to issue his execution, and to tell him what was the fact, that the principal was now able to pay, but was likely to become insolvent, that he was unwilling to be longer bound; or suppose the creditor to have issued his execution, and that under it the office, had seized effects of the principal sufficient to pay the debt, and that the creditor should, with or without additional security in the replevin bond, indulge his debtor for sixty days, and restore to him his effects and at the end of the sixty days he should be insolvent would the security be liable? In equity he ought not; and I am told the decisions of our courts are to that effect. This bill in providing that no security in a replevin bond, or of any other description, shall be released by its provisions, ties the hands of the creditor, and of the security, for sixty days, during which time the principal may become insolvent or escape But if an execution upon a replevin bond, be levied upon the invocable estate of the principal, and it is sufficient to pay the debt—the security in the replevin bond is unwilling to become further bound, and refuses to sign a delivery bond; but a third person becomes his security of the principal in a delivery bond, whereby the property is restored. The principal and security in the delivery bond, become insolvent or elope with their property; what is to be the condition of the security in the replevin bond? By the provisions of this bill he is still to be bound. This cannot, it seems to me be just.

The foregoing are but a few of the objectionable features of this bill. I will not detain the house of representatives with further details.

I submit this view of the bill to their consideration, and should feel happy if concurring with me, they shall be inclined to exchange this bill for one in which I could occur with them.) that while it afforded to the creditor the means of attaining *justice*, at the same time guarded the debtor from the injustice of unseasonable sacrifices.

I conclude with an expression of my confidence that such will be their course, and with the assurance that in such a course, I shall be happy to unite with them.

GABL SLAUGHTER.

December, 17th, 1819.

In the House of Representatives, December 13, 1819.

Passed the house of Representatives pursuant to the provisions of the constitution—the Governor's objections to the contrary notwithstanding, 57 members voting therefor.

Attest, R. S. TODD, C. H. R.

In Senate, Dec. 18, 1819.

Passed the Senate pursuant to the provisions of the constitution—the Governor's objections to the contrary, 19 members voting therefor.

Attest, WILLIS A. LEE, C. S.

◆

Office of the Connecticut Mirror,
HARTFORD, Jan. 1, 1820.

THE VERMONT MURDER.

The interest and curiosity of the public has been highly excited upon the subject of the trial and conviction of Stephen and Jesse Boorn of Manchester, Vermont, for the supposed murder of Russel Colvin who is alive, and has returned to his family and home. There have been various stories in circulation respecting this mysterious affair, some of which have reflected little credit upon the judiciary of Vermont or upon the intelligence of the jury. The marvellous dream in particular, has been a fruitful topic of speculation.

We have a few days since, received from Rutland, Vt. a pamphlet containing an account of the trial of the Boorns, taken from the minutes of the Hon. Chief Justice, together with some particulars relative to the discovery of the supposed deceased. The testimony, which is obviously only a *brief*, occupies about 26 pages. It is much confused, and calculated to throw but little light upon the mysterious affair.

From this publication we learn that Colvin had married a sister of the Boorns; had several children, and was at times unable to provide for his family all the necessaries of life. He consequently became somewhat dependent upon the Boorns, who were not much pleased with the necessity of administering relief. We are led to infer also, from some parts of the testimony, that Colvin had previously been partially deranged; had several times left his home, and on one occasion took a child with him and was absent 9 months

From the testimony it appears, that seven years ago last spring, Russel Colvin, a son of his about ten years of age, and the two Boorns, were at work together, heaping up stones in a field. A quarrel ensued between Stephen Boorn and Colvin; the former struck the latter several times; the boy was frightened, and ran to the house, and Colvin disappeared. Whenever the Boorns were questioned upon the subject, they generally stated that he ran off to the woods.—They had however, threatened him previously; and sometime afterwards said, 'he had gone to the devil,' 'to hell,' &c.

It seems however, that about four years ago, the wife of Colvin found herself in a delicate situation, but could not make a certain oath, unless her husband was absolutely dead. Stephen Boorn told his sister, 'that she could swear, for Colvin was dead, and he knew it.' Although we are not told so in the trial, yet we think it probable that while this affair was in agitation, something fell from the brothers which fixed suspicion upon them.—The hat worn by Colvin, had been found in the fields, long after his absence and was satisfactorily identified. A jack knife, said to have been his, was found in an old cellar, and also a button which his wife swore he had worn for some time.—Various circumstances in relation to the quarrel, and the different conversations of the Boorns, are given; but we do not find what circumstances caused the arrest of the supposed criminals. The son of Colvin, now seventeen years of age, testified to the particulars about the quarrel. He had never heard either Stephen or Jesse say what had become of his father; thought the former had threatened to kill him, if he told of the quarrel.

While in prison, Jessee Boorn made a full and particular confession of the murder to a fellow prisoner. He waked the prisoner up; and pretended to make the confession in consequence of a fright;—he supposed something came in at the window, and was then behind him on the bed. He stated the particulars of the quarrel as aforesaid. According to this relation, Stephen Boorn gave Colvin several blows with a small club—brought him to the ground—broke his scull, and the blood gushed out. By this confession the father of the Boorns was made a party. Jesse Boorn stated that before Colvin was dead, he took him by his legs, Stephen by the shoulders, and the old man then cut his throat with a pen knife and they buried him in the cellar, between day light and dark, and one of them kept watch

In about eighteen months afterwards, he stated that they took up the bones and buried them under the floor of a barn. The spring following the barn was burnt, and the bones were then again taken up, pounded to pieces, and thrown into the river. The father scraped up a few pieces, and put them into the hollow of a stump. near the road. It appears by the testimony of another witness, that some fragments of bones were found in the stump, and some pieces supposed to be a thumb, and finger nails. Stephen made written confession, not materially differing from the foregoing. These confessions were rejected by the court, as it appeared that some inducements had been offered to the prisoners to confess; but they doubtless had a powerful effect on the minds of the jury. It appears that bones had been found in the cellar last spring; but, they proved not to be human bones.

There is nothing said in the trial of the dream which has been so frequently mentioned in the papers, and we are therefore led to believe it a hoax played off upon some of our brother Editors, by one of those vastly witty people who deem it the *neplusultra* of ingenuity, to impose upon the publisher.

The two Boorns were sentenced to be executed on the 20th of January instant; but the general assembly of that state being then in session, a petition for a pardon, or a commutation of their punishment was immediately sent to that body, together with ample notes of the trial. On the 15th of November by a vote 104 to 84, the punishment of Jesse Boorn, was changed to imprisonment for life; and Stephen was left to suffer agreeably to sentence, by a vote of 97 to 42.

Immediately after a notice was published in the Rutland papers, requesting information of said Colvin, if alive; and the manner of his discovery has been made known to our readers. Colvin arrived at Manchester on the 22d of Dec. On his entrance into that town, the assemblage of people was immense and the firing of cannon echoed the joy and satisfaction manifested on the occasion. Stephen Boorn was immediately taken from prison and introduced to his old acquaintance. Some communication passed between them, but Colvin was too much confused to hold a regular conversation with any one. In regard to the quarrel, he appeared to be a stranger.

Both of the prisoners will doubtless be honorably released, and returned to their rights and privileges.

On a careful examination of this trial, we must confess that we find very little to surprize us in the verdict of the jury. The case is truly a very singular one; but independently of the confessions of the Boorns, the circumstantial evidence was of considerable weight. That the quarrel took place, as related, there can be no doubt; and it is not improbable, that from the long absence of Colvin, the Boorns were induced to believe he had fled to the woods, and died in consequence of the wounds inflicted.

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From the Dumfries & Galloway Courier

JEANY AND EFFIE DEANS.

It is not, we believe, very generally known, that the celebrated tale of 'The Heart of Mid Lothian' is founded on fact. and that its heroines resided for the greater part of their lives in the immediate neighborhood of Dumfries. Of these facts however, our readers will entertain no doubt, when they shall have perused the following narrative, which we have been obligingly permitted to extract from a memorandum made by a lady, long before the last series of the Tales of my Landlord had been announced, and we distinctly pledge ourselves to the public for the authenticity of its contents.

EXTRACT.

'As my kitchen and parlour were not very far from each other, I one day went in to purchase chickens from a person I heard offering them for sale. This was a little stout looking woman, who seemed between 70 and 80 years of age. She was almost covered with a tartan plaid. and her cap had over it a black silk hood tied under the chin, a piece of dress still much in use among elderly women of that rank of life in Scotland. Her eyes were dark and remarkably lively and intelligent. I entered into conversation with her. and began by asking how she maintained herself, &c. She said that in winter, she *fitted stockings*, that is, knitted feet to country people's stockings;—an employment which bears about the same relation to stocking making that cobbling does to shoe making. and is of course, both less profitable and less *dignified*.—She added that she taught a few children to read, and in summer, 'whiles reared a wheen chicken.' * * * * After some more conversation, during which I was more and more pleased with the good sense and naivete of the old woman's remarks, she rose to go away. I then asked her name. Her countenance was suddenly clouded, her color slightly rose, and she said gravely or rather solemnly, 'My name is *Helen Walker*; but your husband kens weel about me.'

'In the evening I mentioned to Mr. ——— the new acquaintance I had made and how much I had been pleased, and inquired what was remarkable in the history of this poor woman. Mr. ——— said there were few more extraordinary persons than Helen Walker. She had been early left an orphan with the charge of a sister considerably younger than herself, whom she educated and maintained by her exertions. It will not be easy to conceive her feelings, when she found that this only sister must be tried by the laws of her country for *child-murder*, and herself called on as the principal witness against her. The counsel for the prisoner told Helen, that if she could declare that her sister had made any preparation however slight, or had given her any intimation whatever of her situation. such a statement would save her sister's life. Helen said, 'It is impossible for me sir, to give my oath to a falsehood, and whatever be the consequence, I will give my evidence according to my conscience.' The trial came on. The sister was found guilty and condemned.—In removing the prisoner from the bar, she was heard to say to her sister, 'O Nelly! ye hae been the cause o' my death!' Helen replied. 'Ye ken I buid to speak the truth.'

'In Scotland six weeks must elapse between the sentence and its execution. and Helen availed herself of it. The very day of her sister's condemnation she got a petition drawn up, stating the peculiar circumstances of the case, and that same night set out on foot from Dumfries to London, without introduction or recommendation. She presented herself in her tartan plaid and country attire before John, duke of Argyle (after having watched three days at his door,) just as he was stepping into his carriage. and delivered her petition. Herself and her story interested him so much, that he immediately procured the pardon she solicited, which was forwarded to Dumfries and Helen returned, having performed her meritorious journey on foot, in the course of a few weeks.

'I was so strongly interested in this narrative, that I earnestly wished to prosecute my acquaintance with Helen Walker; but as I was to leave the country next day, I was obliged to postpone it till my return in spring, when my first walk was to Helen's cottage She had died a short time before. My regret was extreme, and I endeavored to obtain some account of her from a woman who inhabited the other end of the house. I inquired if Helen had ever spoken of her past history, her journey to London, &c. 'Na,' said the old woman, 'Helen was a wily body, and whenever ony o' the neighbors spierd ony thing about it she aye changed the discourse.' In short every answer I received only served to raise my opinion of Helen Walker, who could unite so much prudence with so much heroism and virtue.

'Helen Walker lived on the romantic banks of the Clouden, a little way above the bridge by which the road from Dumfries to Sanquhar crosses that beauti
stream. The name of her younger sis
is said to have been *Tibby* (Isabella,) a
it is known that after her liberation fr
Dumfries jail, she was united in marria
to the father of the little innocent who
premature death had brought her life
to jeopardy, and that she lived with h
in the north of England, where Hel
used occasionally to visit her. The i
terview betwixt Helen and Mrs. ——
above detailed, took place in Octob
1786, and the remains of the old wom
were interred in the church yard of Iro
gray in spring 1787, without a stone
mark the spot where they are deposite

Mr. and Mrs. Eickstein'

SEMINARY

For the Education of Young Ladies.

THE Subscriber having established his Ser
nary at this place respectfully informs the pu
lic, that, in order to obtain public confidence,

The Rev. J. DODDRIDGE,
NOAH ZANE,
ALEXANDER CALDWELL,
COL, A. WOODS,
JOSIAH CHAPLINE,
MOSES W. CHAPLINE,
JOHN M'LURE,
PETER YARNALL,
PHILIP DODDRIDGE.
CHARLES HAMMOND, Esqrs.

have been prevailed on as a board of trustees,
attend the examinations and report the state
the Seminary The following course of studi
and terms have been approved of by them.

Elementary Class.

Reading,
Writing,
The first rules of Grammar, and
The first rules of Arithmetic.

Second Class.

The principles of Grammar,
Composition,
Geography with the use of the Globes,
Elements of Geometry and Trigonometry
introductory to Astronomy,
History,
Natural History, and
Topographical drawing.

First Class.

Natural Philosophy,
Standing Classes of the
French Language,
Music,
The figure, Landscape and Flower drawing

TERMS.

The English Branches (Natural Philosophy excepted)	$3	per quarter.
French Language,	4	
Drawing,	6	
Music,	8	
Natural Philosophy,	6	

Boarding and Washing 125 dollars per annum
payable quarterly in advance.

Books, Stationary, and drawing materials to b
furnished at the most reasonable prices.

The number of pupils not to exceed forty.

To those not acquainted with the subscribe
and his lady, the subjoined testimonials are re
pectfully submitted.

F. ECKSTEIN,
Academician of the Pennsylvania Acade
of Fine arts, and late principal Teacher o
the Harmony Seminary.

Wheeling, Dec. 30, 1819.

REFERENCES.

The subscribers were appointed trustees of a
Seminary for the education of Young Ladies, at
the village of Harmonie, Butler county, Pennsylvania, which has been under the superintendance of Mr. Frederick Eckstein, assisted by Mrs.
Eckstein for about two years. They have occassonally attended the public examinations of the
pupils in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, History, Geography, Natural Philosophy,
the French Language, and Drawing in all its
branches. Mr. Eckstein intending shortly to
remove from Harmonie, with the intention o
being employed in the education of youth,
wherever he can be useful, and can receive suitable patronage. The subscribers have no hesitation in testifying their approbation of his merit as a teacher, from the progress of the Young
Ladies at Harmonie, in the various branches
above mentioned. The strictest attention appears to have been shown by him to their morals & manners, which was evidenced by the decorum and behaviour of the young ladies under
his care. 11th Aug. 1819.

JOHN YOUNG,
President of the court, Greensburgh, Pa.

JOHN GILMORE,
WM. AYRES,
Butler co. Pa. } Esquires.

P. L. Passavavant,
Chritian Buhl,
Zelinople, Pa. } Esquires.

Although the undersigned have not attended
any of the examinations of the pupils under the
care of Mr. F. Eckstein, yet from the very favorable accounts of the Seminary at Harmonie, and
the high character it has attained under his superintendance, they have no hesitation in stating
their belief that he is well qualified for the instruction of pupils, in the various branches of
education mentioned in the foregoing certificate. 11th Aug. 1819.

James Ross,
Walter Forward,
Henry Baldwin,
Wm. Wilkins. } Esq'rs. Pittsburgh.

Robert Moore.
James Allison. } Esq'rs. Beaver Pa.

David Shields, Washington Pa.

Most Earnestly

solicit the attention of my friends and the public, to a

FRESH ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS

have added to my stock, part of which I have
imported myself, and am now selling upon
the lowest terms—consisting as follows,
viz.

100 pieces Bombazetts,

Twilled & Plain—all colours.

30 pieces Bocking Baize and Flannels, many
of which are fine white and scarlet,
Ladies Habit Cloths—all colours,
Superfine BROAD CLOTHS and CASSI
MERES—all colours,
Plain, Cut and Imperial Silk Velvets—ditto
Straw Bonnets,
Black Lace Squares and Veils,

A large assortment of

Thread Lace, Footing, Edging, etc. etc.

JOSEPH ARMORER.

Pittsburgh, December 28.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, Jan. 14, 1820.

Some memoranda respecting the trial James Hanson, and the escape of Con- lly and Lewis, who lately robbed Mr Clelland of this city, have been hand- to us with a request to give them publicity. It appears that in consequence defect in a large iron bolt which ured Conelly's legs he effected his eration, from his fetters & afterwards h great ingenuity, relieved the rest, en Mr. Bonnet a most deserving zen of Bedford county, who had from purest patriotic motives undertaken charge of the prisoners, visited them at sunset, they suddenly surrounded , and succeeded by the most uncom- intrepidity in forcing the prison. this means, and aided by the kness of the night, the two most ing and perhaps most ingenious bers, in the United States, (Conelly Lewis) escaped, and are now at ge.

Hanson was brought to the bar in dford on the 7th, & having had a fair , the jury without leaving the box nd him guilty; he was sentenced to n years imprisonment in the peni- tiary of Philadelphia. After his trial confessed the whole offence, though the plainness of the testimony, no t could exist in the mind of any per- ; we have the satisfaction that the of the money has been returned to owners, without any loss ex- e which M'Clelland hasbeen sub- ed to in the prosecution of this n os agreeable affair.

Mr. M'Clelland himself and the rest of the gen- men whose money he had charge of, & which taken with his own, speak in the highest s of many persons in Huntingdon and Bed- counties who exerted themselves very much e course of this business; every assistance could have been expected from fellow citi- was given, and it is owing to their great zeal the affair has been so speedily terminated.— ame of Mr. Thomas T. Cromwell of Hunt- county who apprehended the robbers is ned in terms of peculiar warmth.

y little traits in the character of Lewis are , and prove him to be a man of no common . With all his villainy, there is something animous in his conduct; there is every rea- suppose that after Mr. M'Clelland was sei- them on the winding ridge, he owed his Lewis, as the others evinced an evident dis- on to murder him. Whilst in jail in Bed- man of the name of M'Curdy was impris- r robbing a poor widow. Lewis made use fellow in extricating himself from his irons, refused to let him escape with his company, ng that any man who could rob a woman, t fit to associate with gentlemen! M'Cur- s obliged to remain.

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meeting of the friends of Agriculture and c Manufactures held at the house of Wm. , agreeable to public notice, on the 7th uary inst.

HN HANNEN, Esq was called to the , and

ARLES SHALER, appointed Secretary,

hen the following resolutions were unani- y adopted;—whereas the present meeting sufficiently numerous to give effect to the tant purposes connected with its object— hereas it is believed that the place of g is not sufficiently central to accommo- ny of the citizens of Pittsburgh, who are ed to give encouragement to improvements iculture and the use of Domestic fabrics. fore, *resolved*—That a public meeting of ds of Agriculture and Domestic Manu , be earnestly requested at the house es B. Oliver, innkeeper, corner of and Wood streets, on Monday evening, h inst. at half past 6 o'clock, for the pur- f taking into consideration the propriety ng premiums for Agricultural Improve- and of giving preference in the use of ar- f Domestic Fabric.

ved, that the editors of the papers in this requested to insert these resolutions in a ous part of their respective papers.

JOHN HANNEN, *Chairman.*
SHALER, *Sec'y.*
gh, Jan. 7, 1820.

Harrisburgh, Jan. 6.

THE INVESTIGATION.

day, *Jan. 5.*—The committee, appoint- petitions praying an inquiry into the con- Governor Findlay, met in the Hall of the of Representatives this afternoon at 4 Mr. Charles S. Coxe appeared and was d as counsel for the petitioners. On ap- n of Mr. Coxe, Mr. John Binns was ad- d to assist him. The names of the witnes- ere called over, & answered to their names, —John Humes, James Graham, Mrs. A. , Dr. S. Jackson, John F. Lewis, Thomas , Dr. David Petriken, George A. Frick, ond Conyngham, T. J. Rodgers, Esq. e examination of witnesses was not enter- on.

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nsylvania Legislature.

SENATE.

MONDAY, JAN. 3.

Frailey offered a resolution—

ereas, the business in the several s attached to the government, since te war between the United States Great Britain, has decreased, and the nts into the Treasury on account nds have lessened; and thus rend- the employment of so many clerks btful utility: Therefore,

lved, That a committee be appoint- investigate the roports of the se- officers of government, of the busi stated to have been done the year and to confer with them upon the iety of lessening the usual appro- ions to pay the contingent expenses d offices for the ensuing year, and report. Twice read, adopted and red.

Mr. Frailey also offered a resolution: *Resolved*, That the Auditor General be, and is hereby required, to obtain from the Secretary at War of the U. States, the names of each and every officer and soldier of the revolutionary war, placed on the pension list for the district of Pennsylvania, under an act of congress, entitled "An act to provide for certain persons engaged in the land & naval service of the United States, in the revolutionary war," passed 15th of March 1818 and make report to the Senate—which was twice read and adopted.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Brackenridge offered a resolution—

Whereas the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has appropriated large sums towards the Turnpike roads, generally called the southern and northern routes, leading from Harrisburgh to Pittsburgh: And whereas it is represented that the advantages of those channels of communication are likely to be lost, in consequence of the competition of a Free Road, commencing at Cumberland in Maryland, and striking the Ohio at Wheeling—Therefore

Resolved, That the committee on roads and inland navigation be instructed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law, for converting either of the said routes into a free road, as far as may be practicable and consistent with the interest of this Commonwealth. Laid on the table.

The following Report has been laid before the Legislature of Ohio.

Your committee to whom was referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the improvement of the country by roads and canals, respectfully report—

That they have had that subject under their consideration, and have given to it all the attention which its importance demanded. They conceive it unnecessary, at this day, to attempt any illustration of the great advantages to be derived from improvements of the kind contemplated by the governor's message.

Canal navigation, particularly has long been considered as an important item in the general economy of nations. Until a few years past, however, the United States of America contented themselves with admiring, from the description of travellers, the magnificent works of this kind which have been accomplished in the other quarters of the globe. Of late, however they appear to have awakened from their lethargy. There being scarcely a state in the Union which has not some project of this kind either in contemplation or an active progress to completion. The state of New-York and Virginia have taken the lead in this patriotic race. In the former a most stupendous work of this description has been commenced, prosecuted with ardor, and completed to a point to be immedately useful, leaving no doubt of the speedy accomplishment of the whole plan. Virginia has created a separte [illegible] provements; and adopted the prosecution of these improvements as a settled and permanent principle of her policy.

If we can judge of the temper of the state from the ardor with which its executive has recommended the subject to the attention of the Legislature, Pennsylvania will not be outdone by her sister states, in this honorable and useful career.

It remains for the legislature to determine whether Ohio will disregard these laudable examples, remain insensible to her present interests—the interests of posterity and the advantages which a bountiful Providence has put within her reach. If her pecuniary resources are not ample as those of some of the states, she has the power of effecting more with smaller means than any other does or ever did posses. Her Northern and Southern boundaries are washed by waters which form part of two immense channels of internal communication, which have, perhaps, no parallel on the whole globe.

A canal, the cost of which would not, in Europe, be considered as beyond the efforts of a single individual, would unite these great natural channels, enable your merchants without the risk and danger of a sea voyage, to bring together, for the purpose of commerce, the products of high northern latitudes and those of the topical climates, and to all your citizens the choice of a market at more than 2000 miles apart. Nor are these the only motives for the accomplishment of this important work.

If the farmer can see in it the means of future prosperity, and the merchant, the prospect of great commercial advantages—the politician will also discover the facilities which it will give to the operations of war, and the patriot rejoice in the new bond of union and concord between the distant members of this rising empire.

Your committee have not been able to see any insurmountable difficulty to the accomplishment of this important work. They will not, they dare not believe that in this patriotic state any local jealousies will prevent its commencement or impede its progress. The plan which they propose will be best understood by the bill and resolution herewith submitted.—In confining the location of the northern part of the proposed canal to the lands which the United States have lately acquired from the Indian tribes—they were governed by the consideration that congress might be induced to make an appropriation of the part of the lands through which it will pass, to aid in the accomplishment of the object. Your committee believe that it would not be difficult to convince that honorable body, that apart from other motives, the treasury would ultimately gain by such an appropriation from the great appreciation which the completion of the canal would give to the adjacent lands.

The following are the most prominent features of the bill alluded to in the above report:

Sec. 1.—That ——— be, and they are hereby appointed commissioners for locating a route for a canal between Lake Erie and the Ohio river, to commence on the former, either on some part of the Sandusky Bay, or between said Bay and the foot of the Miami Rapids, and thence by the most eligible route to the Ohio river. Sec. 2, authorises the commissioners to appoint engineers assistants, chain carriers, &c. and to allow them compensation. Sec. 3, designates the duties, &c. Sec. 4, That if at the present session of congress, a law should be passed for appropriating part of the lands through which said canal may pass, to aid in the construction thereof, the route designated by said commissioners, from its commencement to the old Indian boundary line, shall be considered as fixed, &c.

Virginia.—The following resolutions, preceded by a preamble, occupying nine close columns of the Enquirer, have been submitted for consideration in the House of Delegates, by Mr. Stevenson:

Resolved, That this Assembly do renew the expression it has heretofore expressed, that the government of the United States is invested with no rightful authority to grant a charter of incorporation to a Bank of the United States.

Resolved, That this Assembly do enter its solemn protest against the assertion, by or on behalf of the government, or any department of the government of the United States, of a right to the exercise of all powers, available as convenient means of execution of its declared powers, as a doctrine inconsistent with, and it tendency subversive of, the true character of the Federal constitution.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to communicate copies of the preceding preamble and resolutions to the executive authorities of the several states, accompanied with a request that the same may be laid before their respective Legislatures; and that copies be furnished to each of the Senators and Representatives representing this State in the Congress of the United States.

COURT OF APPEAS—U. S BANK.

On Friday last the Court of Appeals of the State of Kentucky, gave their opinion in the case of the Commonwealth against the Branch of the United States Bank of Lexington for penalties ncurred under the act of Dec, session of the General Assembly, 1817, by not paying the tax laid by the state on that institution. After a long, elaborate and very able argument the court gave it as their *unanimous* opinion, that the Bank of the U. States is *unconstitutional*, and that, therefore, the states have a right to tax it, as fully and completely as they would a bank located within their territories by Great Britain or France.

Taleyrand is taking all possible means to gain his ascendancy in the French councils. He has been received most graciously by the king, closetted for a long time with his majesty, and even knealt daily at *mass* with him!

Morn. Chron.

The exports from the United States, for the year ending 30th September last, amounted in value to $80,142,521—of which 50,779,838 dolls was in articles of domestic growth and manufacture.

SPECIE PAYMENTS IN IDEA.

Mr Samuel Chandler, who was boring for salt, on his land on Salt Creek, about eleven miles from this town, having penetrated to the depth of 133 feet from the surface, came to something unusually hard and difficult to penetrate, and the hard substance, when raised to the surface by the process usually made use of when boring for salt, proved to be a metalick substance, which excited no great curiosity for some time, till last week a quantity of this substance was brought to Putnam, where it was tested by an ingenious silver smith, and analysed by one of the most learned chemists in the Western Country, and both unite in pronouncing the specimen presented to them, to be silver, nearly or quite as pure as the common silver coin now in circulation! It is ascertained that the stratum of silver at the place where the auger penetrated, is six feet seven inches thick. Some of our readers may wish to know how the thickness of the stratum was ascertained with so much precision. The instrument called the auger is from twelve to eighteen inches in length to which a pole of a suitable size & convenient length is firmly attached, and as occasion requires, an additional pole is attached to the preceding one till they descend, in some instances more than five hundred feet in a rock which extends all through this part of the country with, generally from ten to twenty feet of good soil covering it. The depth of the rock is unknown: but as far as it has been penetrated is found to be mostly free or sand stone; but in boring in it, when ever the auger strikes a stratum of flint, lime stone or any other very hard substance, it is instantly known by those who manage the auger, and the auger pole is marked, and it is easily known when they get through, and thus the thickness of any hard stratum is accurately ascertained.

A company is now forming to sink a shaft to the above mentioned ore.

Any persons who may have specimens of the above metal, and will leave them at this office, shall be liberally compensated.—*Zanesville Express.*

The Editor of the New-York Evening Post has devoted two columns of his paper of Monday last, to an *abreviated* account of the arrival & reception of William Cobbett in England. The following is the most material part of it.

'Mr. Cobbett who sailed from this port in the ship Hercules, with the bones of Thomas Paine, had arrived at Liverpool. His luggage was taken from the vessel to the custom house for inspection. When the last trunk was opened, Cobbett observed to the surrounding spectators, who had assembled in great numbers, 'Here are the bones of the late **Thomas Paine**!' This declaration excited a sudden visible sensation, & the crowd pressed forward to see the contents of the package. Cobbett remarked, that 'Great indeed must that man have been whose very bone attracted so much attention.' The officer took out the coffin plate, inscribed 'Thomas Paine, aged 74, who died 8th June, 1809,' and having lifted up several of the bones, replaced the whole, and passed them. They have since been forwarded from Liverpool to London. The captain of the Hercules, it is said, did not know of their being on board his vessel until he arrived at Liverpool.'

The Evening Post rather illnaturedly subjoins to the account of the dinner given to Mr. Cobbett, (where he and his proselytes used simple *water* for their beaverage,) the following extract from Mr, Cobbett's writings of some years past:

'How Tom gets a living now, or what brothel he inhabits, I know not, nor does it much signify. He has done all the michief he can in the world; and whether his carcase is at last to be suffered to rot on the earth, or to be dried in the air, is of very little consequence. Whenever, or wherever he breathes his last, he will neither excite sorrow nor pity; no friendly hand will close his eyes, not a groan will be uttered, nor a tear will be shed. Like Judas, he will be remembered by posterity; men will learn to express all that is base, malignant, treacherous, unnatural, and blasphemous, by the single monosylable—Paine.'

W. COBBETT.

And he, who thus defined the character of Paine, has transported his bones across the Atlantic, wherewith to work miracles!

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.

We perceive by the English newspapers, that Mr. Walsh's 'Appeal from the Judgements of Great Britain,' which appeared here at the end of September last, was republished in London from the American copy, as early as the 23d of November. The price put upon the English copy is eighteen shillings sterling.

ALEXANDRIA, (D. C.) Dec. 28

Another and greater still!—A few weeks ago we had to record an extraordinary load of flour, of forty barrels, brot' to this town by Mr. Hamilton's wagon with six horses, from near Winchester; we have now to state, that on Saturday last Mr. James Pelter brought from within a mile of Winchester, a distance of about 70 miles, in his wagon with six horses, forty five barrels of flour, in good order, weighing nine thousand seven hundred and twenty pounds. This is the greatest performance, in this way, ever executed in this part of the country.

In a philosophical point of view, there is nothing new or wonderful in the following fact. A knowledge of it may, however, prevent danger. It may also prevent suspicions, which sometimes rest upon the innocent, when causes of fires have not been discovered.

On the 14th inst. about two o'clock P. M. an India wash bason (wooden) was fired by the rays of the sun passing through a fish globe, nearly filled with water The bason was accidentally placed at the distance of about four inches from the globe standing on a side board in the parlour. Soon after the sun had entered the direct line passing through the globe and bason, it was found to be on fire. If the fire had not been seasonably dsicovered it is probable the house would have been much injured, or wholly consumed. Pieces of paper were repeatedly fired when placed in the focus of the refracted rays.

Boston Daily Advertiser.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

W. Plumer, vs. Abner Darling.—This was a special action on the case. The plaintiff declared for a malicious and vexatious hindrance on the public highway, to his damage of fifty dollars. Plea, the general issue. The cause came on to be tried before Daniel Hebarb, Esq. one of the justices of the peace in and for the county of Dutchess, on the 18th day of December 1819.

The plaintiff proved that he, in company with three others, was returning from serving on the court martial of the 20th brigade—that they overtook the defendant and his father, in a two-horse wagon, going very slow—that as it was towards evening, and they had about 14 miles to ride, they requested the defendant to drive faster, or permit them to pass—that the defendant would do neither—that frequently, when asked permission, he would tell them, or wave his hand for them to pass—that when they came up with him, and in the act of passing, he would rein his horses in before them, and again let his horses walk or go on in a slow trot—this was often repeated, and the plaintiff was thus hindered in the most malicious and vexatious manner, for rising three miles.

The defendant endeavoured to palliate, by attempting to show the viciousness of his horses.

The jury retired, and in a short time returned a verdict for the plaintiff, of 30 Dollars and costs of suit.

Poughkepsie Observer.

FEATHERS.

A quantity of first quality can be had if appiyed for before removal, at

50 Cents per lb.

at the Warehouse of the subscriber, corner of Water and Ferry streets, Pittsburgh.

DAVID LOGAN.

ALSO, FOR SALE,

Cotton, Tobacco, Juniata Iron, Teas, Orleans Sugar, Buffaloe Robes, Racoon Skins, &c.

January 14.

For Rent,

ONE OF THE BEST STANDS for either Store or Tavern in this city, situated on the corner of Wood and Water streets, and now in the occupancy of Mr. C. M. Doughty.

ALSO FOR RENT,

A DWELLING HOUSE, with a Store Room in neat order, pleasantly situated on Water street two doors west of Wood—occupied at present by Mr. Wm Knox. Possession given the first of April. Apply to

WM. R. GRAHAM,
3d street.

January 11.

FLORENCE

Commission House.

JACKSON M'KINILEY & SOUTHWORTH have a Ware House at FLORENCE at the head of navigation of the Tennessee River, ready for the reception of Cotton and such other articles, domestic and foreign, as may be consigned to them. They will purchase Cotton and Tobacco and sell dry Goods and Groceries, Salt and Provisions on Commission, for those who may favor them with their custom.

N. B. Salt is very much wanted at present.

Florence, November 27, 1819. Jan. 14—6m

FOR RENT,

And possession given the first day of April next, the house and lots now occupied by Benjamin Page—the house is in good repair with a pump a the door—For terms, apply to the subscriber, west side of Market street.

SAMUEL SMITH.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 14, 1820.

Wanted,

A FARMER

Who can be well recommended.—Apply to

J. L. GLASER.

Jan. 14, 1820.

Notice

BY an order of the Orphan's Court, will be exposed to public sale, on the 22d of January, inst. at 11 o'clock, A. M. as the property of THOMAS WALLACE, dec'd—FOUR LOTS of ground in the city of Pitrsburgh, bounded by St. Clair and Penn streets, by the Allegheny river and by Ocell's Alley, and now in the occupancy of Mr. J. Casselly.

MARY WALLACE, Administratrix.
GEO. WALLACE,
IRWIN WALLACE,
WM. ROBINSON, Jr. } Administr's.

January 7.

Stray Cow.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber near Braddock's fields, a red and white cow with small horns, no ear marks perceivable—the owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

WM. KIRKPATRICK.

Jan. 11, 1819.

Storage and Commission Business.

JEFFERSONVILLE, (INDIANA.)

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the

STORAGE

AND

Commission Business,

In the above place, where all kinds of Goods, and Wares will be received and sold or forwarded as the owner shall direct, and a liberal advance made on any consignment.

E. Young.

WHO HAS ON HAND FOR SALE,

AT WHOLESALE,

Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate; Cotton, Steele Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Gin, Pepper, Allspice, and a constant supply of

Kenhawa Salt.

January 11.———6w

Pittsburgh and NewAlexandria

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE Stockholders in said company are required to pay to the Treasurer of the said company, the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th instalments, in the manner following—Two and a half dollars on each share, being the 6th instalment, on the second Monday of February next; two and an half dollars on each share, being the 7th instalment, on the second Monday of March; two and an half dollars, being the 8th instalment, on the second Monday of April, and two and an half dollars, being the 9th instalment, on the second Monday of May

The Treasurer will attend at the house of Mr. Charles Johnston, in Allegheny county, on each of the above mentioned days to receive instalments.

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, *Treas'r.*

January 11.

Dissolution of Partnership

THE subscribers, trading under the firm of Cromwell, Dobbin and Peebles, have this day dissolved their partnership by mutual consent—But inform their friends and creditors that their time will be mutually and entirely devoted to the settlement of their business. All those indebted to them, are now for the last time, solicited to pay their accounts, in order to enable them to pay the debts they owe.

THOMAS CROMWELL,
LEONARD DOBBIN,
ISAAC PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, November 30—1aw3m

TOWN OF AMERICA.

THE undersigned, owner of a large number o squares, half squares, and lots in the above town, and of about five hundred acres of land adjoining to it, proposes to sell to *actual settlers*, any number of lots, not exceeding one hundred; and several out lots of twenty acres each, on terms highly calculated to promote the interest of the purchasers. He is also authorized to sell on liberal terms and in small tracts, seven thousand acres of excellent land, lying about the Town and in its immediate neighborhood.

This town is situated in the fork of the Ohio and Mississippi, on the bank of the former, and on the first piece of high ground above their junction.

No person of any reflection has ever looked upon a map of North America without being struck with the mighty confluence of water which is exhibited at the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi: and the natural sentiment that a great city must grow up at that point has only been checked by the apprehension that the place was annually inundated. The apprehension was incorrect. The town scite and the back country are free from inundation, and both are now settled and are constantly increasing in population. The town has been selected for the seat of Justice for the county of Alexander in which it is situated, and both the county and circuit courts are, and will be held there The neighboring country is well settled, not by a detached population, but by connected settlements spreading into the interior of the state of Illinois.

The mind is therefore free to expatiate upon the advantages of this situation, and the undersigned can leave it to any man of sense and candor to say whether any point upon our continent has ever presented a fairer prospect of a greater inland commercial city?

Situated on the first high ground above the confluence of the noblest streams in America—at a point from which large steam boats can at all times descend to New Orleans—with a rich back country to support it—and a numerous population now covering the adjacent country, and it is difficult to assign a reason why this town should not in a few years rank with the first in America.

Besides its water communications it may reasonably count upon the advantage of seeing pass through it the great road which will be required to facilitate the intercourse between the Upper and the Lower Mississippi. Authentic information authorizes the assertion that the country south of the Ohio is entirely practicable for a road, which can be opened across the west ends of Kentucky and Tennessee through the late Chickasaw purchase and lead to New Orleans over a direct route parallel to the course of the Mississippi.

The undersigned will be upon the spot to sell to actual settlers during the balance of the winter and spring months. He prefers to sell upon the spot, when purchasers can see with their own eyes the advantages of the situation, and therefore will be present at a time when the revival of commerce upon the river and the passing of steam boats will make it convenient for all those to visit the place and examine it for themselves who may wish to become interested in it.

He is also authorised to say that the proprietors, or a part of them, will sell at auction, on the ground, on the third Monday in April next, being the first day of the Circuit court, ONE HUNDRED LOTS, one third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, one third in six, and one in twelve months, to raise a fund for improving the place, to which the whole proceeds of the 100 lots will be applied.

HENRY W. CONWAY.

St. Louis, Dec. 4, 1819——Jan72m.

C. Latshaw & Leech,

Have For Sale at their Warehouse, corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

An assortment of superior

Ten Plate Stoves,

FROM THE COUNTRY,

Also a general assortment of

Castings,

At reduced prices.

December 28.

Kilgour, Taylor & Cowan,

Auctioneers

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CINCINNATI, (O.)

TRANSACT all kinds of business in their line, with the utmost promptitude and despatch; and from their strict attention to business, flatter themselves to merit a share of public encouragement.

December 24.

Steam Boat Frankfort.

ALL persons having any claims against the Steam-boat FRANKFORT, are requested to present their accounts within thirty days, for settlement, to the subscriber, Agent for the proprietors, Peter G. Voorhees, Martin D. Hardin, John A. Mitchell, and the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Co.

MAHLON ROGERS,
Agent for the Company.

December 31,

To Let,

AND possession given immediately—a large BRICK HOUSE and kitchen, on the corner of Front and Ferry-streets; at present occupied by William Kepner, Apply to

ROBERT SIMPSON.

December 3—2awtf

Practice of Law

JAMES S. CRAFT, Esq. is associated with me in my professional business, and may be at all times consulted by my clients. We have opened our office in the Diamond, north of the court-house, where one or both of us may be found at all times by persons willing to entrust us with their business. Mr. Craft is a gentleman of sound legal knowledge and great industry and by our united attention, diligence and punctuality, it is expected the business of our clients will be promptly and well done.

WALTER FORWARD.

This Day Published,

And to be sold at the Book-store of EICHBAUM & JOHNSTON,

The Trial and Defence,

OF

Lieutenant JAMES HALL, of the United States Ordnance.

December 31,

Monongahela Bridge.

NOTICE is hereby given to persons residing on the south side of the Monongahela river hat applications for CROSSING BY THE YEAR will be received at the Toll House, every Saturday, in conformity to the following Resolutions of the Board of Managers.

That subscriptions from persons residing on the south side of the Monongahela river, to cross the Bridge by the year, be taken on the following terms, viz.

The year shall commence on the first day of April next, and if any person subscribe after that day, he shall pay in proportion, and his time to end on the first day of April following.

The yearly sums shall be paid half yearly in advance.

A committee of the Board shall fix on the annual sum that each subscriber shall pay.

For which sum the persons of the household of the subscriber, together with their horses, shall have the privilege of crossing, and when they cross with any kind of sled, waggon, cart, or carriage, half toll for the same shall be paid as mentioned in the law.

JOHN THAW, Treas'r.

November 18.

Just Manufactured & For Sale,

AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western unds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

Trotter's Warranted

GUN-POWDER.

ust receceived and for sale by the subscriber

100 KEGS

Superior glazed RIFLE POWDER, Nos. 20, 24 30, and 36, manufactured at the Powder Works of Samuel Trotter, one and a half miles from Lexington, Ken. and warranted equal in quality to any imported from Europe, manufactured in the United States;

They have also in store, for sale, the following articles, viz.

JUNIATA BAR IRON,

Ditto Slab ditto,
Nail Rods,
Cut Nails, assorted all sizes,
Geneva Window Glass, 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, and 12 by 18,
Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco,
Ditto Leaf ditto,
Common Segars,
Pig and Bar LEAD,
Spanish Soal Leather,
Feathers, etc. etc.

Adams & Hutchison.

Pittsburgh, October 22.

Bean & Butler,

Have now on hand, and will continue to be supplied with, a quantity of the following articles, of their own manufacture, viz.

Corn & Grass Scythes,
Sickles,
Axes,
Spades and Shovels,
Hoes,
Screw Augurs,
} Warranted of superior quality.

3d 4d 6d 8d 10d & 12d CUT NAILS,

And will furnish to order at a short notice, any article of manufactured Iron. In addition to which they have a large quantity of

No. 1, 2 & 3 Foolscap Paper,
Common and extra fine post ditto,
Super Royal Printing ditto,
All sizes wrapping ditto,
Bonnet Boards—

Also a quantity of

WIRE SIFTERS, RIDDLES, SCREENS,

And all other articles in the Wire line.

Manufactured Tobacco,

IN KEGS.

Castings, Beaver, Racoon and Muskrat Furs, etc.

All of which will be sold low for cash, negotiable paper or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, December 24.

Museum.

The ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh, are respectfully informed that the

New Museum of Fine Arts.

Consisting of PAINTINGS and imitations of life, in WAX, by that inimitable artist, Reuben Moulthrop, esq. now exhibiting at the corner of the Diamond and Market street, will continue the remainder of this and next week only.

Among the Paintings is the Battle of the Constitution and Guerriere, covering several hundred feet of canvass.—Also, a delineation of the

Sea Serpent.

Admittance 25 cts. Children 12 years old and under, half price. Hours of admission from 9 A. M till 9 P. M. For particulars see bills.

Fresh Goods.

The subscribers have just received an assortment of

DRY-GOODS,

suitable to the season, which they offer for sale at very reduced prices.—Also,

A quantity of Rolled iron—nail and spike rods, and cut nails—Wrapping paper and Bonnet boards.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

December 3—12t

The Subscribers

Have just received a CONSIGNMENT of

European & India Goods,

AMOUNTING TO

$25,000

Consisting of a general assortment of

Common; fine, and superfine CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & COATINGS,
Flannels, Rose and Point Blankets,
Blue and Brown Plains,
Fine India and British Muslins,
Cambric and Book ditto,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Vestings, Silks, Hkfs. Shawls, Hosiery, India English Checks, etc,

Hardware.

8 Casks tinned Saddlery, assorted,
1,500 dozen Knives and Forks, ditto,
Chest, Door and Pad Locks,
6 Cases Pewter, assorted—

Together with a variety of articles adapted t to the season, which they will sell by the piece or package, on the lowest terms for Cash or exchange for produce of the country.

JAMES W. BIDDLE & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 26.

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additiona supply of

New Music and Musical *INSTRUMENTS.*

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

$35 Reward

STOLEN, on Tuesday night last, from the stable of the subscriber, in Peters township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, about 8 miles from the town of Washington, on the old Pittsburgh road, and 3 miles from Canonsburgh, a

Dark Bay Horse,

Mixed all over his body with white hairs, rising 4 years old, shod all round, a star in his forehead, a natural racker, a small spot may be discerned on one shoulder a little whiter than the rest of the shoulder. Said Horse is supposed to be about 16 hands high—and is well built in every respect, and carries himself handsomely.

Whoever takes up said Horse, and returns him to me, shall receive twenty-five dollars reward and reasonable charges, or twenty-five dollars for such information as may enable me to procure him again—and ten dollars for the thief. A letter addressed to me, at Canonsburgh, Washington county, Penns. will be attended to.

NOBLE BEELER.

December 17, 1819.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Philips & Stout*, in the Storage & Commission Business, in the Town of Maysville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the said firm will please make payment to P. Stout, and those having demands against it will call on him for settlement, he being duly authorised to settle the same.

WM. B, PHILIPS.
P. STOUT.

Maysville, Nov. 13, 1819.

Storage and Commission.

P. STOUT,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has entered into the Storage & Commission Business on his own account, at the Ware House lately occupied by Philips & Stout, on Second a few doors below Market street, Maysville, Ken. where he is prepared with a large and commodious Warehouse and other suitable buildings to store all descriptions of Goods and country Produce, and transact all kinds of business on commission, and assures those who may favour him with their business that no exertions shall be wanting to render entire satisfaction.

He has for sale on Commission the following Articles:

2 Cases of Domestic Cotton,
200 barrels Coffee,
10 Chests Young Hyson Tea.
60 Barrels old Whisky,
100 Kegs Trotter's best Rifle Gunpowder,
Juniatta Bar Iron,
Roll'd do do assorted,
A few Faggots Steel,
Trembly's Smith Bellows.
Window Glass, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12;
Hollow Glass assorted—Gallon, Half Gallon, Quart and Porter Bottles from Bakewell's Black Glsss Manufactory, Pittsburgh, of a quality not surpassed by any made in England.
Writing, Binders' and Printing Paper,
Wrapping, Pasteboards,
Munsel's Map of Kentucky,
A few set neatly bound Blank Books,
Cordage, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

A small Keel Boat.

Orders and consignments from abroad will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Maysville, Nov. 13, 1819.—6t.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

Bauduy's

BRANDYWINE POWDER

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea-Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

James Riddle & Co.

Market, between Third and Fourth streets have received and offer for sale,

Brazier's and Sheathing COPPER,

TIN PLATES—by the Box,

AND

IRON WIRE—*from No. 0 to 18.*

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains, &c. &c.

July 16, 1819.

The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILLE

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS,

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel.

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

Glass or Sand Paper,

at the same prices.

August 13.——1aw8t

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrst me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Stray Cow,

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living on Grant's Hill, near Pittsburgh, in the month of November last, a small RED COW with a white face and white belly, the top of each ear cutoff, the top of each horn sawed off, age unknown. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away

January 4. MARGARET DUNCAN

Tacks & Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

Have just received a further supply of

TACKS & SPRIGS,

From the Factory in Massachusetts.

Their assortment is now extensive and complete, which they offer for sale on the lowest terms.

Pittsburgh, October 22. 3m

Domestic Coffee.

WANTED to purchase a quantity of

Clean Rye and Barley,

for which CASH will be given at the

DOMESTIC WAREHOUSE,
Wood street.

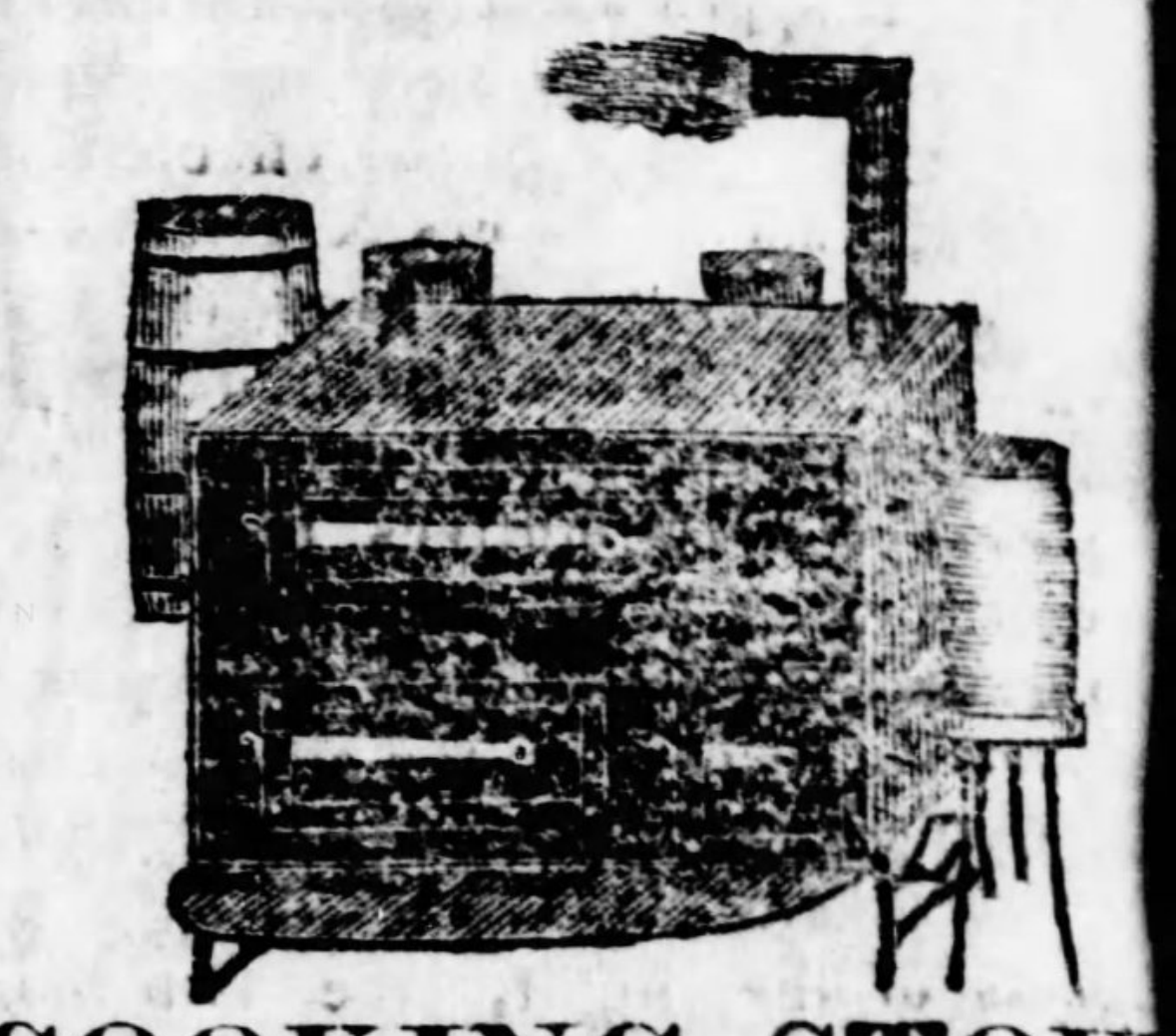
December 3.

Henry Miller & Co.

HAVE the pleasure of announcing to th friends and the public generally, that th have again opened their establishment for m ufacturing Postly's Patent COOKING STOV at their old stand, in Second street, two do rom Wood street, where all orders will be tended to.

December 21,

Charles Postly's Patent



COOKING STOV

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HEN MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors fr the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comp ses every necessary article of apparatus for extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do cooking for small or large families, publichou and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simpl their construction as to be managed with e by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baki roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a d ner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the sa time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread

A wooden vessel containing from twenty fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boilin for the purposes of washing, &c. All these done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having into very general use at the eastward, withi or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of Ne York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale a general approbation they have met with sin their first introduction last winter, west of t mountains, are sufficient testimonials of th utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the pat tee the right for making and vending said Sto in the western country, are ready to execute w punctuality and despatch, all orders at his M ufactory, as above, where also may be had, C and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, O ces, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers m be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons siding in different parts of the country, have op ed a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also pointed agents, as follows—Luther Stephens Co. Lexington, Ken. Samuel January, Sen Co. Maysville, Ken. J. B. Bowles, Louisville Joseph Litton, Nashville, Tenn. James Co ran, Madison, Indiana. Neal & Liggett, Louis.

H. MILLER & Co

May 7, 1819.

Pittsburgh Manufacturin Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manuf turers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vi nity, anxious to promote and invigorate that rit of domestic industry which is so essentia the prosperity of the western country, hav entered into an association under the above nomination, inform the public that they h opened a large and convenient Brick Wareho in Wood Street, between Front and Sec Streets, for the reception and sale of the diff ent articles which they manufacture, toget with such articles of domestick produce and nufacture as may be deposited for sale, or c signed to their care; and have appointed Geo Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to wh all orders and communications on the mercan business of the association, will in future be dressed. They intend to receive, forward dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, pecially articles of domestick produce and nufacture) on the most reasonable terms, hope to give satisfaction to those who may ple to favour them with their custom and patrona From the variety and extent of domestic p duce and manufactures which may be collec and offered for sale at their Warehouse, w punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and tention to business, a beneficial result is an pated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for artic nufactured by the members of the associati or sold in their Warehouse, will be promp and faithfully executed, at the lowest whole prices, without any charge for commission, western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactu articles for country produce and raw materi such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, S Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs lard, Butter, Chee Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Ra

Annexed is a list of articles now offered Sale.

GEORGE SUTTO
President of the Association

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. t

Axes, adzes and augers
Balances patent
Bellows, smith
Brushes, an assort't
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles
Blank books,
Biscuit and crackers
Castings
Copper stills, counter weights
Castor frames and crewets
Chairs & cabinet ware, variety
Cutlery, a variety,
Coffee Mills,
Domestic cloth & cord
Casinet and shawls
Drawing chains
Edge tools, a variety
Furniture mounting
Grindstones
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16
Gun barrels assorted
Hackles, hatchets and hoes
Hammers
Hats, an assortment
Iron, bar and rolled

Nails, an assortment
Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Planes
Paper, No. 1. 2, 3, &c
Plated Bridle Bitts, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Shot
Saddles, Men and Women's
Scale Beams
Steelyards
Sawmill Irons
Soap
Shovel and Tongs
Tobacco
Tin Ware
Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Tacks and Sprigs.
Clouts and Sparables,
Whips, Coach, Gig and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Whiskey, rectified and common
Woffle Irons
Wire Work;

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pitts burgh, not enumerated abo